# WELLINGTON CITY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

# WELLINGTON CITY BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

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# SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

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MEMBERS

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

UTAH ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Wellington City Wellington, Utah 84542

### Ladies/Gentlemen:

CRAIG G.SMUIN, C.P.A.

R. KIRT RICH, C.P.A. GREG MARSING, C.P.A.

DOUGLAS RASMUSSEN, C.P.A.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wellington City, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Wellington City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Governmental Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wellington City, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 2, 2005, on our consideration of Wellington City's internal control over financial reporting and our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 10 and 47 through 48, are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Wellington City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of Wellington City. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

Price, Utah

December 2, 2005

# WELLINGTON CITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Our discussion and analysis of Wellington City's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

#### **FINIANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The City's net assets increased \$138,919 as a result of this year's operations. Net assets of our governmental activities decreased by \$30,023, which is a .72 percent decrease over last years and our net assets of our business-type activities increased by \$168,942, which is a 9.18 percent increase over last year.
- ❖ Total expenses of \$835,206 were \$540,104 more than the direct revenues received of \$295,102 for governmental activities.
- ♦ In the City's business-type activities, revenues of \$942,077 were \$168,942 more than the expenses of \$773,135 for these types of activities.
- ♦ Property Tax revenue for the year ended June 30, 2005 was \$109,119, Sales and Franchise Tax was \$411,790. Property Tax revenue decrease by \$15,547, while Sales and Franchise Tax increased by \$21,858 from the previous fiscal year.

### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The financial reports: Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 11-12) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a long-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 13. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most financially significant funds.

#### REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins on page 11. The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps determine if the City is better or worse off as a result of the year's activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net assets and changes in them. Net assets equal the difference between assets and liabilities. This is one way to measure the City's financial position. Increases or decreases in the City's net assets are one indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads, water lines, sewer lines, drainage systems, and other capital assets to assess the overall health of the City.

# REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE (Continued)

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the general and administration cost, contributions to other agencies, police, fire, public works, parks department and interest on long-term debt. Property taxes, franchise fees, fines, sales taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities - The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of services it provides. The City's Municipal Building Authority, water and sewer, irrigation, garbage and recreational services are reported here.

### Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Our analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 13. The fund financial statements begin on page 13 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. The City established other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (special revenue and capital projects payments) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The City's two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary – use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds—Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship or differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements or on a separate statement.

Proprietary funds – When the City charges customers for the services it provides – to outside customers – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's Enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

#### The City as Trustee

The City has not acted in a trustee capacity for the year ended June 30, 2005.

### Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business. The City's Statement of Net Assets, which increased during the current calendar year, presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. The government-wide financial statements include the City's activity and those of component units (Municipal Building Authority and Redevelopment Agency). The analysis shown below, focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and changes in net assets (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1
Net Assets

								To	tal	
•		Gover	ımeı	ntal	Busine	ess-ty	ype	Prir	nar	y
		Acti	vitie	s	 Acti	vitie	s	Gover	mn:	ent
		2005		2004	 2005		2004	2005		2004
Current and other assets	\$	<b>46</b> 6,77 <b>6</b>	\$	678,265	\$ 69,678	\$	72,758	\$ 536,454	\$	751,023
Capital assets		5,605,059		5,751,456	4,968,137		4,938,967	10,573,196		10,690,423
Total assets	S	6,071,835	\$	6,429,721	\$ 5,037,815	\$	5,011,725	\$ 11, <b>109,</b> 650	\$	11,441,446
Long-term debt										
outstanding	\$	1,779,219	\$	1,858,500	\$ 2,593,887	\$	2,678,155	\$ 4,373,106	\$	4,536,655
Other liabilities		138,290		386,872	 430,037		492,428	 568,327		879,300
Total liabilities	\$	1,917,509	\$	2,245,372	\$ 3,023,924	\$	3,170,583	\$ 4,941,433	\$	5,415,955
Net assets:										
Invested in capital assets,										
net of debt	\$	3,838,466	\$	3,887,185	\$ 2,380,875	\$	2,248,670	\$ 6,219,341	\$	6,135,855
Restricted for:										
Class "C" road		55,097		64,380				55,097		<b>64</b> ,380
Cemetery		1,514						1,514		
Redevelopment agency		7,559		7,559				7,559		7,559
Debt Service					3,807			3,807		
Unrestricted		251,690		225,225	 (374,598)		(407,528)	(122,908)		(182,303)
Total net assets	\$	4,154,326	\$	4,184,349	\$ 2,010,084	\$	1,841,142	\$ 6, <b>164,</b> 410	\$	6,025,491

Net Assets of the City's governmental activities decreased by .72 percent (\$4,184,349 compared to \$4,154,326). *Unrestricted* net assets—the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements—is \$251,690 at the end of June 30, 2005.

# Government-wide financial statements (Continued)

Net Assets of our business-type activities increased 9.18 percent (\$1,841,142 compared to \$2,010,084). Unrestricted net assets for this group, amount to (\$374,598). If the City had unrestricted net assets they would be used to finance the continuing operations of the municipal building authority, water and sewer, irrigation, garbage and recreational service funds.

Table 2
Changes in Net Assets

		Gover		.4_1		Ducina	<b>-</b> -				tal nary	
						Busine	•	•			•	
		Acti	vitte			Acti	vitie			Gover	nme	<del></del>
D		2005		2004		2005		2004		2005		2004
Revenues												
Program Revenues:		150 205		100 100		## <b>#</b>		480 O#4	•		•	01 ( 000
Charges for services	\$	158,325	3	158,167	\$	<b>752</b> ,786	2	<b>658</b> ,056	\$	911,111	<b>&gt;</b>	816,223
Operating grants and cont.		75,851		81,928						75,851		81,928
Capital grants and cont.		60,926		<b>245,0</b> 00		146,900		444,272		207,826		689,272
General Revenues:												
Property taxes		109,119		1 <b>24,6</b> 66						109,1 <b>19</b>		124,666
Sales and franchise taxes		411,790		389,932						411,790		389,932
Other general revenue		1,370		947		38,391		38,756		39,761		39,703
Total revenues		817,381	\$	1,000,640	\$	938,077	<u>\$</u>	1,141,084		1,755,458	\$	2,141,724
Program Expenses												
General government	\$	231,932	\$	210,262					\$	231,932	\$	210,262
Public safety		331,190		314,542						331,190		314,542
Highways and public improv.		197,348		192,399						197,348		192,399
Parks and recreation		33,798		34,168						33,798		34,168
Economic development		2,000		2,000						2,000		2,000
Capital outlay		1,144								1,144		
Interest on long-term debt		37,794		34,464		•				37,794		34,464
Municipal building authority					\$	75,229	\$	76,414		75,229		76,414
Water and sewer						492,715		570,960		492,715		570,960
Irrigation						146,518		134,373		146,518		134,373
Sanitation						51,490		50,990		51,490		50,990
Recreation						7,183		5,930		7,183		5,930
Total expenses	\$	835,206	\$	787,835	\$	773,135	\$	838,667	\$	1,608,341	\$	1,626,502
Excess (deficiency) before												
transfers and special items	<u>\$</u>	(17,825)	\$	212,805	<u> </u>	164,942	\$	302,417	\$	147,117	\$	515,222

Table 2
(Continued)
Changes in Net Assets

		Govern Activ				Busine Acti	-	•		To <b>Pri</b> n Gover	nary	
	_	2005	· -	2004		2005		2004		2005		2004
Excess (deficiency) before transfers and special items	\$	(17,825)	\$	212,805	\$	164,942	\$	302,417	\$	147,117	\$	515,222
Loss on sale of assets Transfers in (out)		(8,198) (4,000)		(5,000)		4,000		5,000		(8,198)		
Change in net assets	<u>s</u>	(30,023)	<u>\$</u>	207,805	<u>\$</u>	168,942	\$	307,417	\$	138,919	\$	515,222
Net Assets - beginning Prior period adjustment	\$	.,,.	\$	3,976,544	\$	1,841,142	s	1,501,743 31,982	\$	6,025,491	\$	5,478,287 31,982
Net Assets - ending	_	4,154,326		4,184,349		2,010,084		1,841,142		6,164,410		6,025,491
Change in net assets	_\$_	(30,023)	\$	207,805	<u>\$</u>	168,942	<u> </u>	307,417	_\$_	138,919	<u>   \$                                 </u>	515,222

The City's operational goals for future years is to continue to strive to use the allotted funds in the best interest of the City and those who are served by the City's operations. As revenues increase, the funds will be used to make necessary improvements in government operations, road and recreation improvements, utility improvements and purchase of supplies and equipment that are appropriate and beneficial.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenues for the City's governmental type activities, decreased \$183,259, an 18.31 percent decrease. Total expenses using these funds increased \$54,569, an increase of 6.89 percent. The largest decrease in revenue was in grant proceeds compared with the prior years. The largest increase in expenditures occurred in general government. The largest sources of funds are Sales and Franchise taxes and charges for services. These revenues, and other special grants, enabled the City the opportunity to purchase a variety of fire and police equipment as well as other improvements. An overall decrease in the revenues of approximately 18.31 percent compared to an increase of approximately 6.89 percent in expenditures has caused the decrease in net assets for governmental activities of \$30,023 in the 2005 fiscal year.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$847,404. As shown in the Statement of Activities on page 12, Sales and franchise tax revenue, government grants and property taxes paid for the majority of these activities. Class "C" road revenue of \$65,163 helped pay 33.02 percent of the Highway and public improvements costs. Overall, the City's governmental program revenues of \$295,102 paid 35.33 percent of the governmental activities expenditures.

# **Governmental Activities (Continued)**

Costs of the City are centered within several programs—General government, Public safety, Highways and public improvements, Parks and recreation, Community Economic Development, Capital outlay, and interest on long-term debt. The net cost of expenditures (over) specific program revenues shows the financial burden that utilizes the Property taxes, Sales and franchise taxes and government grants.

### **Business-type Activities**

Program revenues of the City's business-type activities decreased 17.79 percent (\$938,077 compared to \$1,141,084) while expenses decreased 7.81 percent (\$773,135 compared to \$838,667). The major changes for the business-type activities, is a decrease in grant proceeds in comparison to the prior year. The fund operating revenues in the proprietary funds increased \$94,730, an increase of 14.40 percent over last year. This increase is primarily due to the additional water revenue the City received as a result of the increase in water rates.

### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the City revised their budget once. The original budget was adopted on June 9, 2004 and was adjusted on June 22, 2005. The general fund budget was amended from \$827,300 to \$806,600. The differences in the original budget and final amended budget are summarized as follows: 1) decrease in revenue from general sales tax (\$8,400), increase in revenue from franchise tax (\$12,700), a decrease in cell phone tax (\$200), a decrease in revenue from licenses and permits (\$800), a decrease in intergovernmental revenue (\$48,900), an increase in fines and forfeitures (\$10,500), an increase in use of fund surplus (\$12,700), an increase in investment earnings of (\$100), and an increase in miscellaneous revenue of (\$1,600), 2) an increase in expenditures for General government (\$9,250), increase in expenditures for Public safety (\$68,850), an increase in expenditures for Highways and public improvements (\$7,700), increase in expenditures for Parks, recreation, and public property (\$2,900) and a decrease in other financing uses of (\$109,400).

The actual charges for expenditures were \$798,826. This was \$7,774 below the final budget amounts. The most significant positive variance (\$5,055) occurred in the general government.

Resources for revenues were \$814,612. This was \$20,712 below the final budgeted amount. The most significant positive variance (\$21,369) occurred in general sales and use taxes.

### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### **Capital Assets**

At the end of June 30, 2005, the City had \$10,573,196 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including water stock, land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure (see Table 3 below). This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deletions) of \$117,227, or a 1.10 percent decrease over the previous year.

# CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

# Capital Assets (Continued)

Table 3
Capital Assets at Year-End
(Net of Depreciation)
June 30, 2005

									101	als	
	Govern	men	tal		Busine	ss-ty	pe		Prin	nary	•
	Activ	vities	<b>;</b>		Activ	ities	·		Gover	nme	ent
,	2005		2004	_	2005		2004	_	2005		2004
Water stock				\$	951,927	\$	951,927	\$	951,927	\$	951,927
Land	\$ 142,520	\$	142,520		11,000		11,000		153,520		153,520
Buildings	133,633		142,096		423,686		403,212		557,319		545,308
Improvements other than buildings	11,963		13.218		3,576,129		3,568,073		3,588,092		3,581,291
Machinery and equipment	469,088		450,592		5,395		4,755		474,483		455,347
Infrastructure	4,847,855		5,003,030						4,847,855		5,003,030
Total capital assets	\$ 5,605, <b>059</b>	\$	5,751,456	\$	4,968,137	\$	4,938,967	\$	10,573,196	\$	10,690,423

# This year's major additions included:

Capital improvements - Park restrooms	\$ 17,889
Paid for with City funds	
Water line improvements	152,048
Paid for with grant proceeds from the CIB	
Eleven SCBA's	38,214
Paid for with grant proceeds from FEMA	
Thermal imager	8,600
Paid for with grant proceeds from FEMA	
Fire fighting unit	 8,040
Paid for with grant proceeds from Utah Fire & Rescue Academy Grant	
	\$ 224,791

The City's fiscal year 2006 capital budget calls for spending on capital projects, principally for improvements made to the infrastructure and purchases of necessary equipment. More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

# CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

### Long-term debt

As of June 30, 2005, the City had \$4,336,648 in bonds, and note payable outstanding. The debt represents revenue bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources. The following table (table 4) shows outstanding debt for the current and previous years.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt as of
June 30, 2005

						Total	s
	Gover	nmental	Business-t	уре		Prima	ту
	Acti	ivities	 Activitie	es		Governn	nent
	2005	2004	 2005	2004		2005	2004
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 1,761,000	\$ 1,858,500	\$ 2,575,648 \$	2,678,155	<u>\$</u>	4,336,648	4,536,655

There has been no new debt issued during the current fiscal year. The City has issued \$200,000 in Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, to construct restrooms and concession facilities at the city park during the fiscal year 2006. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

# ECONOMIC FORECAST AND FUTURE BUDGET

Wellington City's Mayor and Council consider many factors in preparing their annual budgets. The City's revenues have maintained a relative consistent level over the last few years showing little or no growth. The lack of growth has made it harder for the Mayor and City Council to maintain the level of service to the residents of the City. The rising cost of health benefits for the City's nine employees has been an increasing burden. The employees of the City have not received pay increases for the past three years. The Mayor and Council are committed to maintaining the level of benefits for the employees in order to keep the existing employees.

Wellington City experiences many of the same problems as other Eastern Utah communities with slow or negative economic activity. The General Fund budget is projected to be \$725,600, which is lower than the previous fiscal year due to a lack of anticipated grant activity.

# CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our community with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Recorder, Ken Powell at 150 West Main Street, P.O. Box 559, Wellington, Utah 84542.

# WELLINGTON CITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2005

P	RIM	A	RY

		GOVER	NMENT			
•	GOVE	RNMENTAL	BUSI	NESS-TYPE		
		TIVITIES		TIVITIES		TOTAL
		-				
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	250 <b>,223</b>	\$	12,393	\$	262,616
Investments, at cost		20,059				20 <b>,059</b>
Accounts receivable (net)				66,671		66,671
Taxes receivable		96,381		•		96,381
Internal balances		17,000		(1 <b>7</b> ,0 <b>00)</b>		
Due from other governmental units		6,250	•			6,250
Prepaid expenses		20,252				20,252
Restricted assets:						
Investments		56,611		3,807		60,418
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		•				
Water stock				951,927		951 <b>,927</b>
Land		142,520		11,000		153 <b>,520</b>
Buildings		133,633		423,686		557,319
Improvements other than buildings		11,963		3,576,129		3,588,092
•		469,088		5,395		474,483
Equipment		4,847,855		*,		4,847,855
Infrastructure		4,047,055		······································		
Total assets	<u> </u>	6,071,835	\$	5,034,008	_\$	11,105,843
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Cash deficit			\$	268,411	\$	268,411
Accounts payable	\$	44,064		147,911		191, <b>975</b>
Accrued liabilities		633				633
Bond interest payable		5,593		11,615		17,208
Deferred revenue		88,000		2,100		90,100
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Customer deposits payable				14,700		14,700
Loan payable - Due within one year				1,243		1,243
Loan payable - Due in more than one year				10, <b>734</b>		10 <b>,734</b>
Revenue bonds payable - Due within one year		98,500		101,982		200,482
Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year		1,662,500		2,461,689		4,124,189
Compensated absences		18,219		3,539		21,758
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	1,917,509	\$	3,023,924	_\$_	4,941,433
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	3,83 <b>8,46</b> 6	\$	2,380,875	\$	6,219,341
Restricted for	~			-		
Class "C" Roads		55,097				55,097
Cemetery		1,514				1,514
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		7,559				7,559
Redevelopment Agency		.,557		3,807		3,807
Debt Service Unrestricted		251,690		(374,598)		(122,908)
Total net assets	s	4,154,326	\$	2,010,084	\$	6,164,410

<sup>&</sup>quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

# WELLINGTON CITY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND

				PROG	PROGRAM REVENUES	JES			CHAN	SEIN	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		
		È	CHARGES	OPE	OPERATING	3	CAPITAL		PRIMA	RY GO	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		
	EXPENSES	a as	FOR	CONTR	GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CONT	GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	Sove	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSIN	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL
FUNCTION/PROGRAMS Primary government: Governmental activities: General government Public safety Highways and public improvements Parks and recreation	\$ 231,932 331,190 197,348 33,798	· 😘	9,496 142,335 6,494	<b>6</b>	10,6 <b>88</b> 65,163	<b>∽</b>	926'09	<b>↔</b> .	(222,436) (117,241) (132,185) (27,304)			4	(222,436) (117,241) (132,185) (27,304)
Economic development Capital outlay Interest on long-term debt	2,000 1,144 37,794								(2,000) (1,144) (37,794)			}	(2,000) (1,144) (37,794)
Total governmental activities	\$ 835,206	S	158,325	2	75,851	S	976,09	<b>∞</b>	(540,104)			S	(540,104)
Business-type activities:  Municipal building authority Water and sewer fund Irritation fund Sanitation fund Recreation fund	\$ 75,229 492,715 146,518 51,490 7,183	بر. د	90,609 \$25,368 \$1,732 53,999 1,078			s.	146,900			<u>ب</u>	15,380 179,553 (64,786) 2,509 (6,105)	•	15,380 179,553 (64,786) 2,509 (6,105)
Total business-type activities	\$ 773,135	S	752,786	S		s	146,900	S	:	<b>~</b>	126,551	S	126,551
Total primary government	\$ 1,608,341	×	911,111	s	75,851	S	207,826	S.	(540,104)	S	126,551	s ·	(413,553)
	General revenues: Property taxes Sales and franchise taxes Sales and franchise taxes Grants and contributions not rests Unrestricted investment earnings Loss on sale of capital assets Transfers in (out)	es: s nchise ta ntributi investme of capita	xes ons not res aut carning. il assets	inicted to s	eneral revenues: Property taxes Sales and franchise taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Urrestricted investment earnings Loss on sale of capital assets ransfers in (out)	¥		<u>ه</u>	109,119 411,790 1,370 (8,198)	<b>~</b>	38,300 91 4,000	9	109,119 411,790 38,300 1,461 (8,198)
	Total general revenues and transfers	al reven	ues and tra	msfers				S	180,018	S	42,391	8	552,472
	Change in net assets	n net ass	ž.					S	(30,023)	s	168,942	9	138,919
	Net assets - beginning	zinning							4,184,349		1,841,142	٦	6,025,491

"The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

Net assets - ending

\$ 6,164,410

2,010,084

4,154,326

# WELLINGTON CITY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	GENERAL FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments at cost	\$ 45,022 10,035	\$ 200,772	\$ 31,347 10,024	\$ 277,141 20,0 <b>59</b>
Investments at cost	55,097		1,514	56,611
Receivables (net):	,-			
Taxes	96,381		•	96,381
Due from other funds			17,000	17,0 <b>00</b>
Due from other governmental units	6,250			6,250
Prepaid expenses	20,252			20,252
Total assets	\$ 233,037	<b>\$</b> 200,772	\$ 59,885	\$ 493,694
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Cash deficit			\$ 26,918	\$ 26,918
Accounts payable	<b>\$</b> 27,771		16,293	44,064
Accrued liabilities	633			633
Deferred revenue	88,000			88,000
Total liabilities	\$ 116,404	<u> </u>	\$ 43,211	\$ 159,615
Fund balances:				
Reserved for:				A 55.007
Class "C" Roads	<b>\$</b> 55,097			\$ 55,097 1,514
Perpetual care			\$ 1,514	7,559
Redevelopment agency			7,559	1,339
Unreserved, reported in:				61,536
General fund	61,536		7,601	7,601
Capital project fund		e 200 773	7,001	200,772
Debt service fund		\$ 200,772		200,772
Total fund balances	\$ 116,633	\$ 200,772	\$ 16,674	\$ 334,079
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 233,037	\$ 200,772	\$ 59,885	\$ 493,694

<sup>&</sup>quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

# WELLINGTON CITY RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2005

Total fund balances - governmental fund types:			\$	334,079
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fi are not reported in the funds.	nancial resources and, therefore,			
	Land \$ 143	2,520		
	Buildings 13:	3,633		
	Improvements other than buildings 1	1,963		
	Equipment 46	9,088		
	Infrastructure 4,84	7,855	į	5,605,059
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	due and payable in the current			
	Bond interest payable \$ (	(5,593)		
	· ·	8,500)		
		2,500)		
	Compensated absenses (1	8,219)	_ (	1,784,812)
Net assets of governmental activities			\$	4,154,326

<sup>&</sup>quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

# WELLINGTON CITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

REVENUES: Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous revenue	\$ 520,909 6,676 136,777 26,489 113,891 9,870 \$ 814,612		s	6,494	\$	520, <b>909</b> 6,676 136,777
Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	6,676 136,777 26,489 113,891 9,870		s	6,494	\$	6,676
Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	136,777 26,489 113,891 9,870		S	6,494		-
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	26,489 113,891 9,870		s	6,494		136,777
Fines and forfeitures	113,891 9,870		\$	6,494		
	9,870					32,983
Miscellaneous revenue						113 <b>,891</b>
	\$ 814,612			277		10,147
Total revenues		<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	6,771	\$	821,383
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	\$ 213,345				\$	213,345
Public safety	355,904			•		355,904
Highways and public improvements	41,762					41,762
Parks, recreation, and public property	18,115		\$	12,294		30,409
Economic development	2,000					2,000
Capital outlay				19,033		19,033
Debt service:						07 500
Principal retirement		\$ 97,500				97,500
Interest and fiscal charges		37,972				37,972
Total expenditures	\$ 631,126	<b>\$</b> 135,472	<u> </u>	31,327	<u> </u>	797,925
Excess revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$ 183,486	<b>\$</b> (135,472)	<u> </u>	(24,556)		23,458
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	•					
Transfers in		\$ 158,700	\$	5,000	\$	163, <b>700</b>
Transfers out	\$ (167,700)	<del></del>				(167,700)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (167,700)	\$ 158,700	\$	5,000	<u>\$</u>	(4,000)
Excess of revenues and other sources						
over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ 15,786	\$ 23,228	\$	(19,556)	\$	19, <b>458</b>
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year	100,847	177,544		36,230		314,621
FUND BALANCES - end of year	\$ 116,633	\$ 200,772	\$	16,674	\$	334,079

<sup>&</sup>quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

# WELLINGTON CITY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	19,458
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which		
depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.		(134,197)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial		
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of		
long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.		
Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental		
funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items		
when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in		
the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in		
the treatment of long-term debt and related items. (Principal debt payment)		97,500
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds. (Bond interest payable, compensated absences and sales of		
capital assets).		(12,784)
	<del></del>	
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	(30,023)

<sup>&</sup>quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

# WELLINGTON CITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

			BUSINES	S-TY	PE ACTIVITI	ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS						
		MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY		SE	WATER AND WER FUND	IR	RIGATION FUND	_	NMAJOR FUNDS		TOTAL	
<u>ASSETS</u>												
Current assets:												
Cash								\$	12,393	\$	12,393	
Investments restricted		\$	2,501	\$	1,306						3,807	
Receivables - net												
Accounts		<u></u>			54,364	_\$_	6,703		5,604		66,671	
Total current assets	•	\$	2,501		55,670		6,703	\$	17,997		82,871	
Noncurrent assets:												
Water stock				\$	756,342	\$	195,585	•		\$	951,927	
Land	-				11,000						11,000	
Buildings		\$	614,971		12,743						627,714	
Improvements other than buildings					2,083,819		2,977,172				5,060,991	
Machinery and equipment					204,568						204,568	
Less: Accumulated depreciation			(191,795)		(1,282,220)		(414,048)				(1,888,063)	
Total noncurrent assets		<u>s</u>	423,176	\$	1,786,252	<u>s</u>	2,758,709	\$	•••	\$	4,968,137	
Total assets		<u>\$</u>	425,677	<u>\$</u>	1,841,922	<u>s</u>	2,765,412	\$	17,997	_\$_	5,051,008	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>												
Current liabilities:												
Cash deficit		\$	95,652	\$	141,443	\$	31,316			\$	268,411	
Accounts payable		-	950		135,950		6,668	\$	4,343		147,911	
Accrued interest payable			6,278				5,337				11,615	
Due to other funds			17,000								17,000	
Deferred revenue			2,100		•						2,100	
Current portion - long-term debt	,		15,000		1,225		<b>87,</b> 000			_	103,225	
Total current liabilities		\$	136,980	\$	278,618	\$	130,321	\$	4,343	\$	550,262	

<sup>&</sup>quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

# WELLINGTON CITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

	BUSINES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS									
	MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY	WATER AND SEWER FUND	IRRIGATION FUND	NONMAJOR FUNDS	TOTAL						
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences Customer deposits payable Revenue bonds payable	\$ 264,000	\$ 3,539 14,700 10,753	<b>\$</b> 2,197,670		\$ 3,539 14,700 2,472,423						
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ 264,000	\$ 28,992	\$ 2,197,670	\$	\$ 2,490,662						
Total liabilities	\$ 400,980	\$ 307,610	\$ 2,327,991	\$ 4,343	\$ 3,040,924						
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 137,898 2,501 (115,702)	\$ 1,77 <b>4,2</b> 75 1,306 (241,269)	\$ 468,702 (31,281)	<b>\$</b> 13,654	\$ 2,380,875 3,807 (374,598)						
Total net assets	\$ 24,697	<b>\$</b> 1,534,312	\$ 437,421	\$ 13,654	\$ 2,010,084						

<sup>&</sup>quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

# WELLINGTON CITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

		BUSINES	S-TYPI	E ACTIVITIE	S - EN	TERPRISE F	UNDS	<u> </u>		
	BU	NICIPAL ILDING HORITY		ATER AND ER FUND		GATION UND		NMAJOR UNDS	<u>T</u>	OTAL
Operating revenues: Charges for sales and services	\$	90,609	<u>\$</u>	525,368	<u>\$</u> _	81,732	<u>s</u>	55,077	\$	<b>752</b> ,786
Total operating revenues		90,609	<u> </u>	525,368	<u> </u>	81,732	<u>s</u>	55,077		752,786
Operating expenses: Employee salaries Employee benefits Contractual services Supplies	\$	2,330 1,735 7,242 31,115	\$	66,230 44,545 528 1,498	\$	11,774 9,016 3,608	\$	58,673	\$	80,334 55,296 58,673 7,770 36,221
Utilities Fuel and oil Repairs and maintenance Depreciation Bad debts Water and sewer services	·	17,470		4,166 25,646 56,110 1,932 255,939		2,058 90,217 5,961				6,224 25,646 163,797 1,932 261,900 3,865
Office supplies Miscellaneous Insurance Rental		6,8 <b>54</b>		3,865 2,836 14,800 14,254						2,836 21,654 14,254
Total operating expenses		66,746	<u> </u>	492,349	_\$	122,634	_\$_	58,673	\$	740,402
Operating income (loss)	\$	23,863	<u>\$</u>	33,019	\$	(40,902)	_\$_	(3,596)	\$	12,384

<sup>&</sup>quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

# WELLINGTON CITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

		BUSINES	S-TYP	E ACTIVITIE	S - EN	TERPRISE F	UNDS	<u> </u>	
	MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY			VATER AND VER FUND	IRRIGATION FUND		NONMAJOR FUNDS		 TOTAL_
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest revenue Interest expense and fiscal charges Grants	\$	55 (8,483)	\$	36 (366) 146,900	\$	(23,884)			\$ 91 (32,733) 146,900
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(8,428)		146,570	<u>\$</u>	(23,884)	\$		\$ 114,258
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	<u> </u>	15,435		179,589	<u>\$</u>	(64,786)	<u> </u>	(3,596)	 126,642
Contributions and Transfers In (Out): Contributions Transfers in					s	<b>38,</b> 300	\$	4,000	\$ <b>38</b> ,300 <b>4</b> ,000
Total contributions and transfers in (out)	\$		\$		\$	38,300	_\$_	4,000	\$ 42,300
Change in net assets	· <b>\$</b>	15,435	\$	179,589	\$	(26,486)	\$	404	\$ 168,942
Total net assets - beginning		9,262		1,354,723		463,907		13,250	 1,841,142
Total net assets - ending	\$	24,697	\$	1,534,312	\$	437,421	\$	13,654	\$ 2,010,084

<sup>&</sup>quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

# WELLINGTON CITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

			ENTERPRIS						
MU	NICIPAL	V	VATER						
			AND	IRRI	<b>IGATION</b>	ENT	ERPRISE		
		SEW	ER FUND	I	UND	F	UNDS	1	OTAL
. \$	90.609	\$	514,052	\$	83,500	\$	54,865	\$	743,026
. •	•		(345,788)		(5,068)		(58,603)		(455,731)
			(110,775)		(20,790)				(135,630)
								_	
	40,272	\$	57,489	<u> </u>	57,642	\$	(3,738)		151,665
				s	38.300			\$	38,300
				•	,	\$	4,000_		4,000_
	<del></del>								
\$	•••	\$		\$	38,300	\$	4,000	\$	42,300
								•	(192,968)
\$		\$	•		(0.1.075)			Þ	(33,260)
			, ,	3					(102,506)
	(15,000)		` ' '		(80,000)				146,900
			146,900						110/200
	//2 274 <b>)</b>	r	(0.495)	¢	(110.075)	\$		\$	(181,834)
7	(62,274)	<u> </u>	(9,463)	<u> </u>	(110,075)				
¢	55	s	36	s	•••	\$	***	\$	91_
		ø	26	•		•		\$	91
_\$		<u> </u>		<del></del>		<del></del>			
æ	(21 047)	· ·	48 040	\$	(14.133)	\$	262	\$	12,222
3	(41,7 <b>47)</b>		10,010	*	V: 19-2-27	•			
	(71,204)		(188,177)		(17,183)		12,131	_	(264,433)
\$_	(93,151)	\$	(140, <b>137)</b>	\$	(31,316)	\$	12,393	\$	(252,211)
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 40,272 \$ 40,272 \$ (38,454) (8,820) (15,000) \$ (62,274) \$ 55 \$ (21,947) (71,204)	\$ 90,609 \$ (46,272) (4,065) \$ 40,272 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY  \$ 90,609 \$ 514,052 (46,272) (345,788) (4,065) (110,775)  \$ 40,272 \$ 57,489   \$ (38,454) \$ (154,514) (8,820) (365) (15,000) (1,506) 146,900  \$ (62,274) \$ (9,485)  \$ 55 \$ 36  \$ (21,947) \$ 48,040 (71,204) (188,177)	MUNICIPAL BUILDING AND AUTHORITY         WATER AND SEWER FUND         IRRI IRRI IRRI IRRI IRRI IRRI IRRI IRR	MUNICIPAL BUILDING AND AUTHORITY         WATER AND SEWER FUND         IRRIGATION FUND           \$ 90,609 \$ 514,052 (46,272) (345,788) (5,068) (10,775) (20,790)         \$ 38,500 (20,790)           \$ 40,272 \$ 57,489 \$ 57,642           \$ 38,300           \$ (38,454) \$ (154,514) (8,820) (365) (15,000) (1,506) (15,000) (1,506) (146,900         \$ (24,075)           \$ (62,274) \$ (9,485) \$ (110,075)           \$ 55 \$ 36 \$           \$ (21,947) \$ 48,040 \$ (14,133) (71,204) (188,177) (17,183)	MUNICIPAL BUILDING AND AUTHORITY         WATER SEWER FUND         IRRIGATION FUND         NOTE ENTRY           \$ 90,609 \$ \$14,052 \$ \$3,500 \$ (46,272) (345,788) (5,068) (110,775) (20,790)         \$ (20,790)         \$ 38,300 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY         WATER AND SEWER FUND         IRRIGATION FUND         NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS           \$ 90,609 (46,272) (345,788) (4,065) (110,775) (20,790)         \$ 54,865 (58,603)           \$ 40,272 (345,788) (5,068) (58,603)         \$ (5,068) (58,603)           \$ 40,272 (37,489) (110,775) (20,790)         \$ 38,300           \$ 38,300 (3,738)         \$ 4,000           \$ (38,454) (8,820) (365) (15,000) (15,000) (1,506) (15,000) (1,506) (86,000)         \$ (62,274) (19,46)           \$ (62,274) (15,000) (1,506) (15,000) (1,506	MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY         WATER AND SEWER FUND         IRRIGATION FUND         NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS         T           \$ 90,609 (46,272) (345,788) (40,65) (110,775) (20,790)         \$ 54,865 (58,603) (58,603)         \$ (38,603) (58,603)         \$ 40,272 (20,790)         \$ 38,300 (20,790)         \$ 40,272 (20,790)         \$ 38,300 (20,790)         \$ 4,000 (20,790)         \$

<sup>&</sup>quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

# WELLINGTON CITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING		NICIPAL ILDING HORITY	WATER AND SEWER FUND		IRRIGATION FUND		NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS		TOTAL	
		.*								
ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)	\$	23,863	\$	33,019	\$	(40,902)	\$	(3,596)	\$	12,384
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by			-							
operating activities: Depreciation expense (Increase) Decrease in utility receivables	\$	17,470	\$	56,110 (11,3 <b>16)</b>	\$	90,217 1 <b>,768</b>			\$	163,79 <b>7</b> (9, <b>548)</b>
(Increase) Decrease in miscellaneous receivables Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable Increase (Decrease) in compensated absences Increase (Decrease) in customer deposits payable		(1,061)		(20,611) 437 (150)		6,559	\$	(212) 70		(212) (15,043) 437 (150)
Total adjustments	\$	16,409	<u>s</u>	24,470	<u>s</u>	98,544	_\$	(142)	_\$_	139,281
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	40,272	<u>\$</u>	57,489	\$	57,642	\$	(3,738)	\$	151,665

# WELLINGTON CITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES

Wellington City (the City) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and five-member council. The City provides the following services: public safety, highways and public improvements, parks and recreation, economic development, and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates culinary water, sewer and secondary systems.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the Statement include the following:

- A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the City's overall financial position and results of operations.
- Financial statements prepared using full-accrual accounting for all of the City's activities, including infrastructure (roads, etc.).
- A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to the financial statements).

# A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include the City, which is a political subdivision with corporate powers created under Utah State law, and one blended component unit, collectively referred to as the financial reporting entity. The governing body is comprised of the council and the mayor. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units. The component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

# B. Component Units

In evaluating how to define the reporting entity, the City has considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are separate legal entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable.

The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 14. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the city to impose its will on the organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on the City.

GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units, was implemented by the City for fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. Statement 39, an amendment of Statement No. 14, provides additional criteria in determining whether certain legally separate organizations, for with the City is not financially accountable, should be reported as component units based upon the nature and significance of their relationship with the City. An organization is reported as a component unit of the City, if all three of the following criteria are met: 1) The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents, 2) the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

There were no potential component units, which met all of the criteria outlined in Statement 39; however, there are two entities that qualified as a "blended component units" under Statement 14.

# Blended Component Unit

The Wellington City Redevelopment Agency is included in this report as the Redevelopment Agency (RDA), a special revenue fund, which is a component unit blended in the City's financial statements. Although the RDA is clearly established as a separate entity under state law, it is included due to financial accountability and the extensive oversight provided by the City. It is comprised of a governing body that has been appointed by the City and may be removed and replaced at their discretion.

The Wellington City Municipal Building Authority was created by the City Council as a body politic and corporate for the purpose of financing, owning, leasing, or operating facilities to meet the needs of the City government. It is comprised of a governing body that has been appointed by the City Council and may be removed or replaced at any time according to its discretion.

# C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activity) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Government activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, interest, and earned but unreimbursed state and federal grants associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Amounts received or recognized as receivable at fiscal year end are included in the financial statements as taxes receivable and deferred revenue.

# D. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the City receives cash.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts
  for all financial resources of the general government, except those that are required
  to be accounted for in another fund.
- Debt Service Fund The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation
  of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and
  related cost.

The City's non-major governmental funds include a special revenue fund, a permanent fund and a capital projects fund. The special revenue fund accounts for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure, for specified purposes. The permanent fund is used to account for the resources that are legally restricted for the use of the perpetual care of the City's cemetery. The capital projects fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of equipment and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Municipal Building Authority The Municipal Building Authority Fund accounts for the resources for the financing, owning, leasing and operation of facilities to meet the needs of the City government.
- Water and Sewer Fund The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the resources and expenditures in the operating and maintain of providing water and sewer services to the resident of the City.
- Irrigation Fund The Irrigation Funds accounts for the resources and expenditures
  in the operating and maintain of providing secondary water services to the residents
  of Wellington City.

The City's non-major enterprise funds include a sanitation fund which accounts for the resources and expenditures associated with the collection and disposal of garbage within the city and a recreation fund which accounts for the resources used in the operation of recreational activities within the City.

# D. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expense from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### E. Budgetary Data

Budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for all governmental funds and on the accrual basis for proprietary funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The following procedures are used in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1) During May of each year, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the next fiscal year commencing July 1<sup>st</sup>. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed sources of revenues. A final budget for the current year ending June 30 is also included.
- 2) Copies of the proposed budget are made available for public inspection and review by the citizens of the City.
- 3) If the City does not exceed the certified tax rate, a public hearing is held prior to June 22 and the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution. If the City exceeds the certified tax rate, the budget is adopted in August when data is available to set the rates.

# E. Budgetary Data (Continued)

- 4) Once adopted, the budget can be amended by subsequent City Council action. The City Council can approve reductions in appropriations, but increases in appropriations, by fund, require a public hearing prior to amending the budget. In accordance with Utah State law, interim adjustments may be made by the administrative transfer of money from one appropriation to another within any given fund.
- 5) Minor interim adjustments in estimated revenues and appropriations during the year ended June 30, 2005, have been included in the final budget approved by the City Council, as presented in the financial statements.
- 6) Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level for the General Fund and the fund level for all other funds.

# F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City considers cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, including investments in the Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF), to be cash and cash equivalents.

# G. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, curb, gutter, sidewalks, and similar items), and water stock, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of \$500.00 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized.

### H. Capital Assets (Continued)

Buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	10-50
Improvements	10-50
Office equipment	5-10
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Automotive equipment	5-20
Infrastructure	30-50

### I. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick pay, vacation and other employee benefits. An estimate of sick leave liability and vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds and reported as a liability. Vacation, comp-time, and every tenth sick day leave vests.

Accrued unpaid sick pay, vacation and other employee benefits, which vest to the employees in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities total \$18,219 and for proprietary funds total \$3,539.

#### J. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

#### K. Net Assets/Fund Balances

The difference between assets and liabilities is "Net Assets" on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements and "Fund Balance" on the governmental fund financial statements. Net assets are divided into invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted, and unrestricted. Net assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed upon them by external parties or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as reserved, unreserved designated, or unreserved undesignated. Reserves represent those portions of fund balance not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the fund financial statements as cash and investments. Income from the investment of pooled cash is allocated based on each fund's portion of the pool. In addition, cash is separately held by individual funds.

The City follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code Annotated, Title 51, Chapter 7) in handling its depository and investment transactions. The City does not have separate polices that address the specific types of deposit and investment risks to which the City is exposed.

# **Deposits**

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered. The City's policy for managing custodial credit risk is to adhere to the Money Management Act. The Act requires the depositing of City funds in a qualified depository. The Act defines a qualified depository as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

The City's deposits in the bank in excess of the insured amount are uninsured and uncollateralized. Deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by state statute. The City's deposits at June 30, 2005, were \$67,135. Of these deposits, all were insured, but uncollateralized.

### **Investments**

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments for the City and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of the investment securities.

Statutes authorize the City to invest in negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted negotiable depositories; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investors Services or Standard & Poor's; bankers' acceptances; obligations of the United States Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rated "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Act; and the Utah State Public Treasurer's Investment Fund.

The Utah State Treasurer's Office operates the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF). The PTIF is available for investment of funds administered by any Utah public treasurer. The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act. This Act established the Money Management Council, which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF and details the types of authorized investments.

# 2. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah, and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains, and losses – net of administration fees – of the PTIF are allocated based on the participants' average daily balances. The fair value of the PTIF investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

As of June 30, 2005, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		Ir	s)		
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$ 80,477	<b>\$ 80,4</b> 77			
Total Investments	\$ 80,477	\$ 80,477	\$	\$	\$

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City manages its risk in part by investing in the Utah Public Treasurers Investment Fund. The City also manages its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates is to comply with the State's Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. This further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper, bankers' acceptance, fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations to 270-365 days or less. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's policy for limiting the credit risk of investments is to comply with the Money Management Act. The Act requires investment transactions to be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of the investment securities.

# 2. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

At June 30, 2005, the City had the following investments and quality ratings:

Investment Type	Fair Value									Inrated
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund		80,477							<u>\$</u>	80,477
Total Investments	\$	80,477	\$		\$		\$		\$	80,477

# Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The City's informal policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. No more than 5% of all funds may be invested in securities of a corporation that has been in continuous operation for less than three years. No more than 5% of the outstanding voting securities of any one corporation may be held. In addition, Rule 2 limits investment concentrations in certain types of investments. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to 5-10% depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2005, the City had \$80,477 invested in the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund and was held by them.

### 3. RESTRICTED CASH/NET ASSETS

During prior years, the City issued four irrigation water revenue bonds, one taxable excise tax revenue bond and one franchise and sales tax revenue bond. The purpose of these bonds were for the construction of a pressurized irrigation water system and for roads, curb and gutters and sidewalk improvements within the City limits. In connection with the bond agreements, the City has established bond sinking and bond reserve funds. These funds are to assure that adequate money is available to service debt payments as they come due. Reserved amounts are shown below, along with other restricted funds.

# 3. RESTRICTED CASH/NET ASSETS (Continued)

	CASH		NET ASSETS	
Enterprise Funds Sinking funds Reserve accounts	\$	1, <b>306</b> 2,501	\$	1,306 2,501
	\$	3,807	<u>\$</u>	3,807
Governmental Funds Class "C" Roads Perpetual care Redevelopment Agency	\$	55 <b>,09</b> 7 1,514	\$	55,097 1,514 7,559
<u>-</u>	\$	56,611	\$	64,170

### 4. PROPERTY TAXES

The property tax revenue of the City is collected and distributed by the Carbon County Treasurer as an agent of the City. Utah statutes establish the process by which taxes are levied and collected. The county assessor is required to assess real property as of January 1 and complete the tax rolls by May 15. By July 21, the county auditor is to mail assessed value and tax notices to property owners. A taxpayer may then petition the County Board of Equalization between August 1 and August 15 for a revision of the assessed value. The county auditor makes approved changes in assessed value by November 1 and on this same date the county auditor is to deliver the completed assessment rolls to the county treasurer. Tax notices are mailed with a due date of November 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to a 2% penalty, with a \$10 minimum penalty. If delinquent taxes and penalties are not paid by January 15 of the following year, these delinquent taxes, including penalties, are subject to an interest charge at an annual rate equal to the federal discount rate plus 6%; the interest period is from January 1 until the date paid.

As of June 30, 2005, property taxes receivable consist of 1) delinquent taxes assessed but uncollected for calendar year 2004 and earlier and 2) taxes assessed as of January 1, 2005, but are not due and payable until November 30, 2005. It is expected that all delinquencies, plus accrued interest and penalties, will be collected within a five-year period, during which time, the county treasurer may force the sale of property to collect the delinquent portion. Only the portion of property taxes receivable that meets the revenue recognition criteria is reported as revenue in the fund financial statements.

Beginning January 1, 1992, there was levied, in lieu of the ad valorem tax, an annual uniform fee based on the value of motor vehicles. The uniform fee was 1.5% of the fair market statewide value of the property, as established by the State Tax Commission. On January 1, 1999, legislation became effective which made motor vehicles weighing 12,000 pounds or less subject to an "age-based" fee that is due each time the vehicle is registered. The revenues collected in each county from the uniform fee, are distributed by the county to each taxing entity in which, the property is located in the same proportion in which, revenue collected from ad valorem real property tax is distributed. The City recognizes age-based fees as revenues when collected by the county.

### 5. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

		eginning Balance	In	creases	De	creases		Ending Balance
Primary Government		<u>Bararice</u>						
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not								
being depreciated:							_	
Land		142,520						142,520
Total capital assets								
not being depreciated		142,520	\$	<u> </u>				142,520
Capital assets being								
depreciated:							_	
Buildings	\$	32 <b>8,0</b> 76	\$	17,889	\$	25,684	\$	320,281
Improvements other than								20.506
buildings		32,596						32,596
Machinery and equipment		866,667		63,090		4,000		925,757
Infrastructure		6,236,870					_	6,236,870
Total capital assets							•	<b>5.15.504</b>
being depreciated:	_\$_	7,464,209		80,979		29,684		7,515,504
Less accumulated								
depreciation for:		•						107 (10
Buildings	\$	185,980	\$	14,152	\$	13,484	\$	186,648
Improvements other								20.622
than buildings		19,378		1,255				20,633
Machinery and equipment		41 <b>6,07</b> 5		44,594		4,000		456,669
Infrastructure		1,233,840		155,175				1,389,015
Total accumulated							•	2.052.065
depreciation		1,855,273		215,176		17,484		2,052,965
Total capital assets being					_	10.500	•	5 460 530
depreciated, net		5,608,936		(134,197)	_\$_	12,200	7	5,462,539
Governmental activities			_		•	10.000	ø	5 405 050
capital assets, net		5,751,456	\$	(134,197)	<u>\$</u>	12,200	7	5,605,059

#### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not				
being depreciated:  Land	\$ 11,000			\$ 11,000
Water stock	951,927			951,927
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	\$ 962,927	<u> </u>	\$	\$ 962,927
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 589,260	\$ 38,454		\$ 627,714
Improvements other than				
buildings	4,90 <b>8,9</b> 43	152,048		5,060,991
Machinery and equipment	202,102	2,466	<del></del>	204,568
Total capital assets				
being depreciated:	\$ 5,700,305	\$ 192,968	\$	\$ 5,893,273
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	\$ 186,048	\$ 17,980		\$ 204,028
Improvements other				
than buildings	1,34 <b>0,8</b> 70	143,992		1,484,862
Machinery and equipment	197,347	1,826		199,173
Total accumulated depreciation	<b>\$</b> 1,724,265	\$ 163,798	\$	\$ 1,888,063
depreciation .	<u> </u>			
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 3,976,040	\$ 29,170	\$	\$ 4,005,210
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<b>\$</b> 4,93 <b>8,9</b> 67	\$ 29,170	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,968,137

#### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$	18,600
Public safety		37,601
Highways and public improvements		155,586
Parks and recreation		3,389
Total depreciation expense -		
governmental activities	_\$_	215,176
Business-type Activities:		
Municipal Building Authority	\$	17,470
Water and sewer		56,110
Irrigation	_	90,217
Total depreciation expense -		
business-type activities		163,797
Total depreciation expense	\$	378,973

#### 6. PENSION PLANS

#### Local Governmental - Cost Sharing

Plan Description. Wellington City contributes to the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System and Public Safety Retirement System for employers with (without) Social Security coverage, which are all for cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement systems (Systems). Utah Retirement systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, and Public Safety Retirement System for employers with (without) Social Security coverage. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

#### 6. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Funding Policy. For plan members in the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Wellington City is required to contribute 11.09% of their annual covered salary. In the Public Safety Retirement System for employers with (without) Social Security coverage contributory division Wellington City is required to contribute 19.08% of their annual covered salary for members in the noncontributory division. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statute and specified by the Board.

Wellington City's contributions to the Noncontributory Retirement System for the years ending June 30, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were \$20,125, \$17,055 and \$14,766 respectively and for the Public Safety Retirement System the contributions for June 30, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were \$22,835, \$18,988 and \$16,418 respectively. The contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

#### **DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN**

401(k) Plan – The employees of Wellington City also participated in a 401(k) deferred compensation plan. The Cities contributions in behalf of its employees for the years ending June 30, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were \$5,693, \$2,662 and \$5,921 respectively.

#### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds and loans payable are as follows:

Year Ending	Gove	ernmental Activ	<u>vities</u>	<b>Business-type Activities</b>				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
2006	\$ 98,500	\$ 32,925	\$ 131,425	\$ 103,225	\$ 30,364	\$ 133,589		
2007	99,500	31,850	131,350	125,295	29,075	154,370		
2008	1 <b>00,</b> 500	30,750	131,250	126,367	27,542	1 <b>53,9</b> 09		
2009	101,500	29,625	131,125	127,444	25,995	153,439		
2010-2014	473,000	130,125	603,125	660,647	105,900	76 <b>6,</b> 547		
2014-2019	283,000	97,175	380,175	698,000	64, <b>48</b> 5	762,485		
2020-2024	319,000	60,050	379,050	616,670	24,027	64 <b>0,6</b> 97		
2025-2029	286,000	18,075	304,075	118,000	1,180	119,180		
	\$1,761,000	\$ 430,575	\$2,191,575	\$2,575,648	\$ 308,568	\$ 2,884,216		

#### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Revenue Bonds – Revenue bonds and loans payable at June 30, 2005, with their outstanding balances, are comprised of the following individual issues:

#### Governmental Activities:

	\$1,400,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2001B, due in annual principal installments of \$41,000 to \$74,000 beginning September 1, 2003 through September 1, 2011, interest of 2.50% per annum.	\$ 1,317,000
	\$555,000 Excise Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2001A, due in annual principal installments of \$55,500 beginning September 1, 2003 through September 1, 2011, interest of 0.00% per annum.	444,000
	through september 1, 2011, interest of 0.0070 per unitum.	 ,
	Total Governmental Activities	 1,761,000
Bu	siness-type Activities:	
	\$1,700,000 Irrigation Water Revenue Bonds, Series 1999A, due in annual principal installments of \$68,000 to \$108,670, beginning April 1, 2001, through April 1, 2020, interest of 1.00% per annum.	\$ 1,374,671
	\$200,000 Irrigation Water Revenue Bonds, Series 1999B, due in annual principal installments of \$10,000 beginning April 1, 2001, through April 1, 2020, interest of 0.00% per annum.	150,000
٠	\$400,000 Irrigation Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2000, due in annual principal installments of \$78,000 to \$82,000, beginning April 1, 2021, through April 1, 2025, interest of 1.00% per annum.	400,000
	\$400,000 Irrigation Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2000A, due in annual principal installments of \$8,000 to \$36,000, beginning April 1, 2001, through April 1, 2025, interest of 1.00% per annum.	360,000
	\$23,542 General Electric Loan, due in annual principal installments of \$1,872, beginning August 1, 1997, through August 1, 2013, interest of 5.50% per annum.	11,977
	\$480,000 CIB Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1994, due in annual principal installments of \$14,000 to \$23,000, beginning October 1, 1995, through October 1, 2019 at a 3.00% per annum.	 279,000

**Total Business-type Activities** 

\$ 2,575,648

#### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Revenue bonds issued for governmental activities were used for the construction and improvement of roads, curb and gutters and sidewalks within the City limits. All revenue bonds issued for business-type activities were used for the construction, repair, and maintenance of real estate of the Municipal Building Authority, water lines within the City and the City's secondary irrigation system.

#### **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: Bonds payable: Revenue bonds - CIB Compensated absences	\$ 1,858,500 17,457	\$ 762	\$ (97,500)	\$ 1,761, <b>00</b> 0 18,219	\$ 98,500
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$ 1,875,957	\$ 762	\$ (97,500)	\$ 1,779,219	\$ 98,500
Business-type activities: Bonds and Loans payable: Loan payable Revenue bonds Compensated absences	\$ 13,484 2,664,671 3,102	\$ 437	\$ (1,507) (101,000)	\$ 11,977 2,563,671 3,539	\$ 1,243 101,982
Business-type activity long-term liabilities	\$ 2,681,257	\$ 437	\$ (102,507)	\$ 2,579,187	\$ 103,225

#### 8. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the state and federal governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

According to its attorney, the City has no pending lawsuits and notice of claims filed against it as of June 30, 2005.

#### 9. REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On February 13, 2002, Wellington City adopted Resolution No. 2002-01, which created the Wellington City Economic Development and Redevelopment Agency (Agency), pursuant to Utah Code Annotated Section 174B-4-101. The geographic boundaries of the Agency are coterminous with the boundaries of Wellington City. The purposes of the Agency is to: (1) promote the creation and/or retention of public and/or private jobs within Wellington through planning, design, development, construction, rehabilitation, business relocation, or any combination of these within part or all of one or more project areas; and the provision of office, industrial manufacturing warehousing, distribution, parking, public, or other facilities, or other improvements that benefit Wellington City; and (2) undertake development activities, including,; planning design, development, demolition, clearance, construction, rehabilitation, or any combination of these, of part or all of a project area.

During the year ended June 30, 2005, the City did not receive any tax increment revenue for the Wellington City Redevelopment Agency, nor did they make any disbursements out of the redevelopment agency. Currently, the Redevelopment Agency has no outstanding bonds or loans.

The Agency's Board is comprised of the members of the City Council of Wellington City, State of Utah, as presently or hereinafter constituted.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, the Redevelopment Agency did not acquire any property.

#### 10. PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

The City adopts, by June 22, the proposed tax rates as part of its budget for the current year, which begins July 1. If the proposed rates exceed a certified tax rate, a special public hearing must be held before the final rate is adopted. The final tax rate is assessed by the county assessor on property in the county as of July 1. The taxes are payable to the County treasurer by the end of November and are remitted to the City by the county treasurer as collected.

#### 11. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS</u>

The City issued revenue bonds in the Water and Sewer Fund for the purpose of constructing and repairing the culinary water distributions systems. Both the Water and Sewer departments are accounted for in a single fund. The City also operates a Municipal Building Authority, which has made improvements or purchased real property by issuing revenue bonds.

In addition, the City operates a secondary irrigation system, which has issued revenue bonds for the purpose of constructing and maintaining a pressurized irrigation system. Segment information is reported for these funds due to bond issues or because of material enterprise fund operating income or loss.

#### 11. SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (Continued)

A summary of the financial statements for these enterprise funds is presented below:

#### CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

	Municipal Building Authority		Water and Sewer Fund			rrigation Fund
Assets:						
Current assets	\$	2,501	\$	55,670	\$	6,703
Capital assets		423,176		1,786,252		2,758,709
Total assets	_\$_	425,677	_\$_	1,841,922		2,765,412
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities	\$	136,980	\$	278,618	\$	130,321
Noncurrent liabilities		264,000		28,992		2,197,670
Total liabilities	\$	400,980		307,610	_\$	2,327,991
Net Assets:	٠					•
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	137,898	\$	1,774,275	\$	468,702
Restricted		2,501		1,306		
Unrestricted		(115,702)		(241,269)		(31,281)
Total net assets		24,697		1,534,312	_\$	437,421
Capital assets:						
Additions	\$	38,454	\$	154,514	\$	•••

#### 11. SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (Continued)

### CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

		unicipal uilding uthority	Se	Water and ewer Fund	Irrigation Fund		
Operating revenues	\$	90,609	\$	525,368	\$	81,732	
Depreciation expense		(17,470)		(56,110)		(90,217)	
Other operating expenses		(49,276)		(436,239)		(32,417)	
Operating income (loss)	\$	23,863	_\$_	33,019		(40,902)	
Nonoperating revenue (expenses):							
Investment earnings	\$	55	\$	36			
Interest expense and					_		
fiscal charges		(8,483)		(366)	\$	(23,884)	
Grants				146,900			
Total nonoperating							
revenue (expenes)	\$	(8,428)	\$	146,570		(23,884)	
Contributions and transfers							
Contributions		_ <del></del>			\$	38,300	
Total contributions and transfers	_\$_		\$		_\$_	38,300	
Change in net assets	\$	15,435	\$	179,589	\$	(26,486)	
Beginning net assets		9,262		1,354,723		463,907	
Ending net assets	\$	24,697	_\$_	1,534,312	\$	437,421	

### 11. SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (Continued)

	Bu	nicipal ilding thority	Water and Sewer Fund			rigation Fund	
Operating revenues:	Ф.	00.600	\$	525,368	\$	81,732	
Charges for services	\$	90,609	Þ	(56,110)	Ψ	(90,217)	
Depreciation expense		(17,470)		33,019		(40,902)	
Operating income (loss)		23,863		33,019		38,300	
Contributions		15 425		179,589		(26,486)	
Net income (loss)		15,435		177,309		(20,100)	
Property, plant, and equipment: Additions		38,454		1 <b>54,</b> 514			
Deletions		•					
Net working capital		(134,479)		(222,948)		(123,618)	
Total assets		425,677		1,841,922		2,765,412	
Bonds payable		279,000		11,978		2,284,670	
Total equity		24,697		1,534,312		437,421	
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF	<b>ASH</b> 1	40,272 (62,274) 55	\$	57,489 (9,485) 36	\$	57,642 38,300 (110,075)	
Net increase (decrease)	\$	(21,947)	\$	48,040	\$	(14,133)	
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		(71,204)		(188,177)		(17,183)	
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$	(93,151)	\$	(140,137)	\$	(31,316)	

#### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City pays a monthly premium to Utah Local Governments Trust for its health insurance coverage. The City is insured through commercial companies for its general liability coverage. At June 30, 2005, the City had no claims or judgments filed against it related to the risks mentioned above.

#### 13. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, 2005 for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	 NERAL FUND	ATER AND ER FUND		GATION UND	ANI	NMAJOR O OTHER UNDS		TOTAL
Receivables: Taxes Accounts	\$ 96,381	\$ 67,128	_\$	6,703	\$	5,604	\$	96,381 79,435
Gross receivables	\$ 96,381	\$ 67,128	\$	6,703	\$	5,604	\$	175,816
Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts	 	 (12,764)					_	(12,764)
Net receivables	\$ 96,381	\$ 54,364	\$	6,703	\$	5,604	_\$_	163,052

#### 14. <u>INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS</u>

<u>Internal Balances</u> – Included in Due to/Due from balances on the financial statements are individual fund receivables and payable balances at June 30, 2005 as follows:

	DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		
Perpetual Care Fund Building Authority Fund	\$	17,000	_\$	17,000	
Total internal balances	\$	17,000	\$	17,000	

#### 14. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

<u>Transfers</u> - Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2005 were as follows:

	TRANSFERS OUT						
TRANSFERS IN		ENERAL FUND	TOTAL				
Other Governmental:							
Debt Service	\$	158,700	\$	15 <b>8,7</b> 00			
Cemetery Fund		<b>5,0</b> 00		5,000			
Enterprise:							
Recreation		4,000		4,000			
Totals	\$	167,700	\$	167,700			

#### 15. WELLINGTON CANAL COMPANY PAYMENT

In 1997, Wellington City and Wellington Canal Company desired to install and operate a secondary water system to benefit the residents of Wellington City and shareholders of the Wellington Canal Company. To accomplish the desire, Wellington Canal Company has received a \$3.935 million dollar grant and Wellington City received a \$500,000 grant and borrowed \$1.7 million dollars from the Utah Division of Water Resources. On February 2, 1998, Wellington City and Wellington Canal Company amended their original agreement. One of the elements of this amendment is that Wellington Canal Company agreed to pay Wellington City \$38,300 annually to pay part of the \$1.7 million dollar loan received from the Utah Division of Water Resources. These payments will continue for 20 years, which will be for the duration of the loan.

#### 16. OPERATING LEASE

The City has entered into an operating lease with the Head Start Program for building and office space. On May 1, 1998, the Head Start Program (the Program) signed a lease agreement with the City to lease space at the cost of \$2,100 per month. The lease period started on May 1, 1998 and continues for ten years.

#### 17. BOND COVENANTS

Over the past several years the City has issued revenue and lease revenue bonds to the Utah Board of Water Resources and to the State of Utah, Division of Finance. Included in the bond agreements were covenants made by the City, to set up bond sinking and reserve funds. These sinking and reserve funds were to receive monthly or quarterly deposits and were to grow to amounts so indicated in bond agreements. As of June 30, 2005, the City has not been making the required payments into these reserve and sinking funds.

#### 18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 25, 2005, Wellington City Municipal Building Authority issued \$200,000 of Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2005 for the purpose of the constructing and improving the restrooms and concession facilities at the Wellington City Park. Principal payments are schedule to begin June 15, 2007 in the amount of \$8,000 and will continue through June 15, 2031. The bonds are zero percent interest bonds.

## WELLINGTON CITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

							•	RIANCE WITH
	BUDGET A			AMOUNTS		CTTTAX		BUDGET
	ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL AMOUNTS		FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	115,000	\$	115,000	\$	109,119	\$	(5,881)
General sales and use tax		291,400		283,000		304,369		21,369
Franchise tax		93,000		105,700		107,421		1,721
Cell phone tax		200						
Licenses and permits		7,700		6,900		6,676		(224)
Intergovernmental		188,000		139,100		136,77 <b>7</b>		(2,323)
Charges for services		25,000		25,000		26,489		1,489
Fines and forfeitures		100,000		110,500		113,891		3,391
Investment earnings		1,000		1,100		1,093		(7)
Miscellaneous revenue		6,000		7,600		<u>8,777</u>		1,177
Total revenues		827,300	<u>\$</u>	793,900	\$	814,612	\$	20,712
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government:								
City Council	\$	11,400	\$	11,400	\$	11,299	\$	101
City Court		53,900		58,100		57,667		433
Recorder		60,250		64,900		64,617		283
Treasurer		12,500		12,400		12,186		214
Non-departmental		17,500		18,300		14,624		3,676
City Hall and buildings		53,600		53,300		52,952	<del></del>	348
Total general government		209,150		218,400	_\$_	213,345	\$	5,055
Public safety:								
Police	\$	242,350	\$	246,100	\$	246,041	\$	59
Fire		45,100		110,000		109,746		254
Traffic safety				200_		117		83
Total public safety	\$_	287,450	<u> </u>	356,300		355,904	\$	396

## WELLINGTON CITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	BUDGET AMOUNTS							RIANCE WITH L BUDGET
	ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL AMOUNTS			ORABLE VORABLE)
Highways and public improvements:					_		•	202
Highways - general	\$	11,000	\$	11,000	\$	10,617	\$	383 255
Class "C" roads		23,700		31,400		31,145		
Total highways and public improvements	\$	34,700	_\$_	42,400	\$	41,762	_\$	638
Parks, recreation, and public property:								20
Parks	\$	12,000	\$	15,700	\$	15,671	\$	29
Library		3,300		2,500		2,444		56
Total parks, recreation and public property	<u>\$</u>	15,300	_\$_	18,200	_\$_	18,115	\$	85
Economic development:		• • • • •	•		•	2.000		
Economic development	\$	2,000		2,000	_\$_	2,000		
Total economic development	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	_\$_	2,000	_\$	•••
Total expenditures		548,600		637,300	_\$_	631,126	\$	6,174
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	\$	278,700	_\$_	156,600	\$	183,486	\$	26,886
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out	_\$_	(278,700)		(169,300)		(167,700)	\$	1,600
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(278,700)	\$	(169,300)		(167,700)	\$	1,600
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses			\$	(12,700)	\$	15,786	\$	28,486
Fund balances - beginning of year	_\$_	100,847		100,847		100,847		
Fund balances - end of year	\$	100,847		88,147	_\$_	116,633	\$	28,486

## WELLINGTON CITY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

	PERMANENT FUNDS		PR	APITAL OJECTS UNDS	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			
	PERPETUAL CARE FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS		REDEVELOP- MENT AGENCY		TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments at cost Investments - restricted Due from other funds	\$	10,024 1,514 17,000	\$	23,788	\$	7,559	\$	31,347 10,024 1,514 17,000
Total assets	\$	28,538	\$	23,788	\$	7,559	\$	59,885
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:							•	24.010
Cash deficit Accounts payable	\$	26,918 106	\$	16,187			\$	26,918 16,293
Total liabilities	\$	27,024	\$	16,187	\$		\$	43,211
Fund balances:								
Reserved, reported in: Special revenue funds Capital project funds Permanent funds	\$	1,514	\$	7,601	\$	7,559	\$	7,559 7,601 1,514
Total fund balances	\$	1,514	\$	7,601	\$	7,559	\$	16,674
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	28,538	\$	23,788	S	7,559	\$	59,885

# WELLINGTON CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	PERMANENT FUNDS  PERPETUAL CARE FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS  CAPITAL PROJECTS		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS  REDEVELOP- MENT AGENCY				
							TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
REVENUES:							_		
Charges for services Investment earnings	\$ 	6,4 <b>94</b> 277					\$ 	<b>6,494</b> 277	
Total revenues	\$	6,771	\$		\$		\$	6,771	
EXPENDITURES: Parks, recreation, and public property Capital outlay	\$	12,294	\$	19,033			\$	12,294 1 <b>9,</b> 033	
Total expenditures	\$	12,294	\$	19,033	\$		\$	31,327	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(5,523)	\$	(19,033)	\$	***	\$	(24,556)	
Other financing sources (uses):			<u></u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Transfers in	\$	5,000					\$	5,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	5,000	\$		\$		\$	5,000	
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and	\$	(523)	\$	(19,033)	\$		\$	(19,556)	
other uses Fund Balances - Beginning of year	<b>y</b>	2,037	Ψ	26,634	•	7,559	•	36,230	
Fund Balances - Beginning of year  Fund Balances - End of year	\$	1,514	\$	7,601	\$	7,559	\$	16,674	

## WELLINGTON CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

		NON-MAJOR BTA'S - ENTERPRISE FUNDS									
		ITATION FUND		REATION UND	NO	OTAL NMAJOR BTA'S					
<u>ASSETS</u>											
Current assets: Cash Receivables - net miscellaneous	\$	10,976 5,604	\$	1,417	\$	12,393 5, <b>60</b> 4					
Total current assets	_\$	16,580	\$	1,417	\$	17,997					
Total assets	\$	16,580	\$	1,417		17,997					
LIABILITIES											
Current liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	4,343				4,343					
Total current liabilities	_\$	4,343	\$	•••	\$	4,343					
Total liabilities	_\$	4,343	\$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	4,343					
Net Assets: Unrestricted	\$	12,237	\$	1,417	\$	13,654					
Total net assets	\$	12,237	\$	1,417	\$	13,654					

# WELLINGTON CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

### NON-MAJOR BTA'S - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

		<del>_</del>	IGOL I CITE				
		NITATION FUND		REATION FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR BTA'S		
Operating revenues:							
Charges for sales and services		53,999	\$	1,078	\$	55,077	
Total operating revenues	\$	53,999	\$	1,078	\$	55,077	
Operating expenses:							
Contractual services	\$	51,490	\$	7,183	\$	58,673	
Total operating expenses	_\$	51,490	\$	7,183	\$	58,673	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	_\$	2,509	\$	(6,105)	\$	(3,596)	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	_\$	2,509	\$	(6,105)	\$	(3,596)	
Transfers In (Out): Transfers in			\$	4,000	\$	4,000	
Total transfers in (out)			\$	4,000	\$	4,000	
Change in net assets	\$	2,509	\$	(2,105)	\$	404	
Total net assets - beginning of year		9,728		3,522		13,250	
Total net assets - end of year	\$	12,237	\$	1,417	\$	13,654	

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AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

UTAH ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Wellington City Wellington, Utah 84542

CRAIG G.SMUIN, C.P.A.

GREG MARSING, C.P.A.
DOUGLAS RASMUSSEN, C.P.A.

R. KIRT RICH, C.P.A.

RE: Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of Wellington City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, City Council and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

Amuin Sich & Marsing

Price, Utah

December 2, 2005

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> Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Wellington City Wellington, Utah 84542

> > RE: Auditors' Report on State Compliance

for State Grants

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wellington City for the year ended June 30, 2005 and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2005. As part of our audit, we have audited the City's compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; special tests and provisions applicable to each of its major State assistance programs as required by the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide for the year ended June 30, 2005. The City received the following major State assistance programs from the State of Utah:

Class "C" Road (Utah Department of Transportation)
Liquor Law Enforcement (State Tax Commission)
CIB Grant (Department of Community and Economic Development)

The City also received the following nonmajor grants, which are not required to be audited for specific compliance requirements. However, these programs were subject to test work as part of the audit of the City's financial statements.

Wild Land Grant (Utah Department of Natural Resources)
Police Vest Grant (Utah Department of Public Safety)
Police Grants (Utah Department of Public Safety)
EMS Grant (Utah Department of Public Safety)
Utah Fire and Rescue Academy Grant (Utah Department of Public Safety)

Our audit also included testwork on the City's compliance with those general compliance requirements identified in the Compliance Manual for Audits of Local Governments in Utah including:

Public Debt
Cash Management
Purchasing Requirements
Justice Courts
Other Compliance Requirements
Liquor Law Enforcement

Budgetary Compliance
Truth in Taxation and
Property Tax Limitation
Uniform Building Code Standards
Impact Fees
B & C Road Funds

The management of Wellington City is responsible for the City's compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed immaterial instances of noncompliance with the requirements referred to above, which are described in the accompanying management letter. We considered these instances of noncompliance in forming our opinion on compliance, which is expressed in the following paragraph.

In our opinion, Wellington City, complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; and special tests and provisions that are applicable to its major State assistance program for the year ended June 30, 2005.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

Joseph & Marsing

Price, Utah

December 2, 2005

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
294 East 100 South
Price, Utah 84501
Phone (435) 637-1203 • FAX (435) 637-8708

MEMBERS

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

UTAH ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Wellington City Wellington, Utah 84542

#### Ladies/Gentlemen:

CRAIG G.SMUIN, C.P.A

R. KIRT RICH, C.P.A. GREG MARSING, C.P.A.

DOUGLAS RASMUSSEN, C.P.A.

The following comments and recommendations are a result of our review of the accounting procedures and internal controls in connection with our examination of the financial statements of Wellington City for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Since our review was made primarily to determine the scope of our auditing procedures and was not intended as a comprehensive study or evaluation of the systems and procedures, this memorandum should not be considered all-inclusive.

#### **Bond Covenants**

Over the pass several years the City has issued revenue and lease revenue bonds to the Utah Board of Water Resources and to the State of Utah, Division of Finance. Included in the bond agreements were covenants made by the City. One of the provisions the City stipulated to was to set up bond sinking funds and bond reserve funds. These sinking and reserve funds were to receive monthly or quarterly deposits and were to grow to designated amounts. As of June 30, 2005, the City has not complied with the provisions to accumulate reserve funds as required by bond agreements.

We recommend the City make the necessary adjustments to the rates they charge for services so funds can be generated and deposited in the required sinking and reserve funds to meet bond covenants.

#### **Required Reporting C-500**

Utah Code Section 51-4-2 requires that each City that has collected funds that are due to the State shall, on or before the tenth day of each month, pay all of those funds that were receipted during the last month.

From examination of the C-500 reports, it was found that nine reports were not filed in a timely manner during the year. We recommend the City comply with Utah Code and file the C-500 reports within ten days after the close of the following month.

#### **SUMMARY**

We feel the State Compliance issues and accounting related items mentioned above are some areas where the City can make changes so as to further improve its internal control structure to safeguard the assets, check the accuracy and reliability of accounting data and promote operating efficiency.

Sincerely,

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

John Harry

Marry

Price, Utah

December 22, 2005

MAYOR - Karl R. Housekeeper

CITY COUNCIL

Robert Bertola Ed Chavez Paula Noyes Johnny Pappas Glen Wells



TREASURER – Alicia Willson
POLICE Chief – Lee R. Barry
FIRE CHIEF – Scott Rowley
JUSTICE COURT
Elayne Storrs – Judge
Carol Sparks - Clerk

CITY RECORDER - Ken Powell

Incorporated 1907
February 13, 2006

Smuin, Rich & Marsing Certified Public Accountants 47 North First East Price, Utah 84501

Management Response for fiscal audit June 30, 2005.

Thank you for your comments and recommendations as a result of your examination of the city's financial statements for fiscal year 2005. The following is the city's response to your comments.

#### **Bond Covenants**

The City Council is aware that the City has not been able to keep its bond covenants for the sinking and reserve funds due to the lack of revenues generated by charges for services. The City Council adopted significant rate increases taking effect August, 2004 to remedy this situation. It is anticipated that these sinking and reserve funds will be in compliance with the bond covenants within the next year as promised in the Management Response to the fiscal audit of June 30, 2004. The City Council continues to monitor this situation in case additional rate increases will be needed.

#### **Required Reporting C-500**

The City Council has set policy whereby all vouchers are approved and signed by the City Council during their regular meetings. The City Council's regular meetings are held the second and fourth Wednesday of the every month. In 2005 there were four meetings that were held before the 10<sup>th</sup> of the month making it impossible under the current meeting schedule to meet the requirement of submitting the funds by the 10<sup>th</sup> of the month eight out of twelve months of the year. Until this matter can be resolved through the City Council the City can only promise to submit the funds the day following the first City Council meeting of each month,

Sincerely,

Karl R Houskeeper, Mayor